

BRIEF COMMUNICATIONS

THE HYDROXYCINNAMIC ACIDS OF *Galium fagetorum*
AND *G. Pseudomollugo*A. K. Bogaevskii, L. I. Dranik,
and M. I. Borisov

UDC 547.473

We have studied the epigeal parts of *G. fagetorum* Klok. and *G. pseudomollugo* Klok. for their content of hydroxycinnamic acids. By two-dimensional chromatography on paper [system 1) 2% acetic acid, 2) BAW (4 : 1 : 2)] of 70% ethanolic extracts we have isolated in the individual state seven hydroxycinnamic acids from *G. fagetorum* and six from *G. pseudomollugo*. The substances provisionally denoted by the numbers 1-6 are common to both species. Compound 7 was found only in *G. fagetorum*.

Substances 1-5 have the same color reactions in UV light (Table 1). The products of alkaline hydrolysis (0.1 N KOH, 30 min in an atmosphere of nitrogen) are caffeic and D-quinic acids. On chromatography in comparison with an authentic sample, substances 1-3 proved to be identical with isochlorogenic acid, which is a mixture of 3,5-, 3,4-, and 4,5-dicaffeoylquinic acids [1]. Compounds 4 and 5 were shown by two-dimensional chromatography with authentic samples to be 3-caffeoylquinic (chlorogenic) and 5-caffeoylquinic (neochlorogenic) acids, respectively. The amount of the latter two acids in *G. pseudomollugo* is considerably greater than in *G. fagetorum*.

The products of the alkaline cleavage of compounds 6 and 7 are p-coumaric and D-quinic acids. A comparison of the properties of substances 6 and 7 and the p-coumaroylquinic acid described in the literature give grounds for assuming that substance 6 is 3-p-coumaroylquinic acid and substance 7 is 5-p-coumaroylquinic acid [2, 3].

TABLE 1

No.	Acid	R _f in system		UV spectra		Fluorescence in UV light	
		1	2	60% eth- anol	+KOH	in the air	in NH ₃ va- por
1	Isochlorogenic a	0,16	0,69	245, (300)*, 330	265 370	Blue	Bluish green
2	Isochlorogenic b	0,18	0,70	240, (300)*, 330	268 370		
3	Isochlorogenic c	0,26	0,66	240, (300)*, 330	267 370		
4	Chlorogenic	0,56	0,64	245, (298)*, 326	265 370		
5	Neochlorogenic	0,62	0,60	245, (298)*, 325	265 370		
6	3-p-Coumaroylquinic	0,58	0,69	240, 312	360	None	Dark blue
7	5-p-Coumaroylquinic	0,64	0,66	235, 314	355		

*Shoulder.

Khar'kov Pharmaceutical Institute. Khar'kov Scientific-Research Institute of Pharmaceutical Chemistry. Translated from *Khimiya Prirodnykh Soedinenii*, No. 6, pp. 755, November-December, 1970. Original article submitted August 25, 1970.

© 1973 Consultants Bureau, a division of Plenum Publishing Corporation, 227 West 17th Street, New York, N. Y. 10011. All rights reserved. This article cannot be reproduced for any purpose whatsoever without permission of the publisher. A copy of this article is available from the publisher for \$15.00.

LITERATURE CITED

1. E. Haslam, G. K. Makinson, and M. O. Nauman, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 2137, 1964.
2. K. R. Hanson and M. Zucker, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 238, No. 3, 1105, 1963.
3. T. A. Krupnikova, L. I. Dranik, and M. Ya. Shkol'nik, *DAN SSSR*, 180, 1497, 1968.